PART 1
Grant Resources – Local & International

PART 2
Grant collaboration & organizing a proposal Team

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PART 1

- **Grant Resources – Local & International**

BY

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Local Grant Resources:

- **<u>Government Grants</u>**:
  - Healthcare
  - Education
  - Community development

- **<u>Community Foundations</u>**: Community foundations are nonprofit organizations that provide grants to support local charitable projects and organizations. Examples include the Community Foundation for Greater Atlanta and the San Francisco Foundation.
- **<u>Corporate Grants</u>**: Some local businesses and corporations offer grant programs to support community projects and initiatives. These grants may focus on areas like education, workforce development, or environmental conservation.

Local Grant Resources:

- **<u>Nonprofit Organizations</u>**:
  - Local nonprofit organizations often offer grants to other nonprofits or community groups that align with their mission and goals.

- **<u>Arts and Culture Grants</u>**:
  - Local arts councils and cultural organizations may provide grants to support artists, cultural events, and creative projects.

- **<u>Education Grants</u>**:

  - Educational institutions, such as universities and school districts, may offer grants for research, educational programs, and community engagement initiatives.

International Grant Resources:

- **International Foundations**:

- **United Nations Agencies**:

International Grant Resources:

- **Multilateral Organizations**:

- **International NGOs**:

International Grant Resources:

- <u>**Bilateral Aid Agencies**</u>:

- <u>**Global Health and Research Grants**</u>:

International Grant Resources:

- **International Corporations**: Some multinational corporations have grant programs that support projects and initiatives in regions where they operate.

- **Environmental and Conservation Grants**:

Grant collaboration and organizing a proposal team

- 8. Research and Data Collection:

- 9. Budget Specialist:

- 10. Evaluation Specialist:

- 11. Timeline and Deadlines:

- 12. Review and Feedback:

- 13. Finalize the Proposal:

- 14. Submission and Follow-up:

- 15. Plan for Future Grants:

PART 2

GRANT COLLABORATION AND ORGANIZING A PROPOSAL TEAM

BY

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GRANT COLLABORATION

QUESTIONS

Identify the Grant Opportunity:

- **Local/State/National needs?**
- **Long- and Short-term Development Goals?**
- **Project Scope?: depends on budget ceiling**
- **Proposal Team?: may source personnel from other institutions**
- **Roles and Responsibilities?: based on research experience/capacity/ and availability of facilities/trained lab technologists**
- **Team Collaboration?: Success/approval of you proposal largely depends on your VC/Head**

LOCAL NEED

- **Identify the sectoral need**
- **Identify the Chairman/NGO/International Organization in charge e.g UNICEF, UNESCO, USAID**
- **Identify the Chairman of the LGA (he must agree that there is need for research intervention**
- **Identify the focal point for the need**
- **Arrange meetings with the person in charge:**
  - **Could be Up-Bottom Approach or vice-varsa**
- **Project Awareness workshop should be budgeted for (if you want your programme to succeed)**

STATE NEED

- **This follows the same trend, but the commissioner is the focal point, while the Governor is in charge**

NATIONAL NEED

- **The need must have been captured in your budget and approved by the National Planning Commission defended and approved by the relevant Senate Committee in charge.**

- **IMPORTANT INFORMATION:**

- **The university must make financial commitment towards the successful implementation of the programme/project (either in cash or kind)**

organizing a proposal team

- **Grant Writer?: Engaging a good Grant Writer depends on scope, research areas of interest and available time for timely proposal submission.**

- **The VC is the head of the team: he/she must approve the proposal for his timely submission of the Letter of Intent**

- **Principal Investigator (PI): someone well versed in the research area (should be involved in the grant writing)**

- **Project Manager: Someone experienced in budgeting and funds management**

RESEARCH IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Mostly decided by the grant awarding institution, while the

implementing institution design their time-line to meet the target

- Research and Data Collection

- Budget Specialist

- Evaluation Specialist

- Timeline and Deadlines

- Finalize the Proposal by team members

- 14. Submission and Follow-up

- 15. Plan for Future Grants

- Documentation and Write-up

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION